

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Q8 Bach NKM



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Q8 Bach NKM
Material uses : Lubricating oil for metalworking

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer / Distributor : Kuwait Petroleum International Lubricants (UK) Ltd.
 Knowsthorpe Gate
 Cross Green Industrial Estate
 Leeds LS9 0NP
 United Kingdom
 Tel. +44 113 2350 555, Fax +44 113 2485 026

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : SDSinfo@Q8.com, communication preferably in English only.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Europe : +44 (0) 1235 239 670
Global (English only) : +44 (0) 1865 407 333



SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : R64
 N; R50/53

Human health hazards : May cause harm to breastfed babies.

Environmental hazards : Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard symbol or symbols :

Indication of danger : Dangerous for the environment

Risk phrases : R64- May cause harm to breastfed babies.
 R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Safety phrases : S61- Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet.

Q8 Bach NKM

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Supplemental label elements : Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings : Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Defatting to the skin.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | | Type |
|---|---|----------|--|---|---------|
| | | | 67/548/EEC | Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] | |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | REACH #: 01-2119471299-27 EC: 265-169-7 CAS: 64742-65-0 Index: 649-474-00-6 | 50 - <75 | Not classified. | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | [1] [2] |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | REACH #: 01-2119471299-27 EC: 265-169-7 CAS: 64742-65-0 Index: 649-474-00-6 | 15 - <20 | Not classified. | Not classified. | [2] |
| alkanes, C14-17, chloro | REACH #: 01-2119519269-33 EC: 287-477-0 CAS: 85535-85-9 Index: 602-095-00-X | 1 - <25 | R64, R66 N; R50/53 | Lact., H362 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | [1] |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic | REACH #: 01-2119484627-25 EC: 265-157-1 CAS: 64742-54-7 Index: 649-467-00-8 | 1 - <5 | Not classified. | Not classified. | [2] |
| | | | See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above. | See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | |

The mineral oils in the product contain < 3% DMSO extract (IP 346).

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
 [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
 [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
 [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
 [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 irritation
 dryness
 cracking
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO₂, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
sulfur oxides
halogenated compounds

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. This material is very toxic to aquatic organisms. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure while nursing. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso II Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

Danger criteria

| Category | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| E1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute 1 and Chronic 1 | 100 | 200 |
| C9i: Very toxic for the environment | 100 | 200 |

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|---|--|
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | EU OEL (Europe). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (oil Mist) |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | EU OEL (Europe). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (oil Mist) |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic | EU OEL (Europe). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived effect levels

No DELs available.

Predicted effect concentrations

No PECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Recommended: Nitrile gloves.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: Boiling point > 65 °C: A1; Boiling point < 65 °C: AX1; Hot material: A1P2.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Q8 Bach NKM

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties****9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**Appearance

| | |
|--|---|
| Physical state | : Liquid. [Oily liquid.] |
| Appearance | : Clear. |
| Colour | : Yellow [Light] |
| Odour | : Characteristic. |
| Odour threshold | : Not available. |
| pH | : 7 |
| Melting point/freezing point | : -12°C |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : >300°C |
| Flash point | : Not available. |
| Evaporation rate | : Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not applicable. |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | : Not available. |
| Vapour pressure | : <0.01 kPa [room temperature] |
| Vapour density | : Not available. |
| Relative density | : 0.9 |
| Solubility(ies) | : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : >300°C |
| Decomposition temperature | : >300°C |
| Viscosity (40°C) | : 30 cSt |
| Explosive properties | : Not applicable. |
| Oxidising properties | : Not applicable. |

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

| | |
|--|--|
| 10.1 Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
| 10.2 Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| 10.4 Conditions to avoid | : No specific data. |
| 10.5 Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Strong oxidising materials |
| 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Q8 Bach NKM

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------|
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat - Male, Female | 5.53 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat - Male, Female | 5.53 mg/l | 4 hours |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic | LD50 Dermal | Rat | 5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 10000 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---|------------------------------------|---------|-------|----------|-------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | Skin - Erythema/Eschar | Rabbit | 0.17 | 72 hours | 7 days |
| | Skin - Oedema | Rabbit | 0 | 72 hours | 7 days |
| | Eyes - Iris lesion | Rabbit | 0 | 48 hours | 72 hours |
| | Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae | Rabbit | 0.33 | 48 hours | 72 hours |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | Skin - Erythema/Eschar | Rabbit | 0.17 | 72 hours | 7 days |
| | Skin - Oedema | Rabbit | 0 | 72 hours | 7 days |
| | Eyes - Iris lesion | Rabbit | 0 | 48 hours | 72 hours |
| | Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae | Rabbit | 0.33 | 48 hours | 72 hours |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitisation

| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|---|-------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | skin | Guinea pig | Not sensitizing |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | skin | Guinea pig | Not sensitizing |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Experiment | Result |
|---|---|---|----------|
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | 474 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test | Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic | Negative |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | 474 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test | Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic | Negative |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Q8 Bach NKM

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|------------------------|----------------|------|----------|
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | Negative - Dermal - TC | Mouse - Female | - | 78 weeks |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | Negative - Dermal - TC | Mouse - Female | - | 78 weeks |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Maternal toxicity | Fertility | Developmental toxin | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|-------------------|-----------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------|
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | Negative | Negative | Negative | Rat - Male, Female | Oral: 1000 mg/kg | - |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | Negative | Negative | Negative | Rat - Male, Female | Oral: 1000 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | Negative - Dermal | Rat | 2000 mg/kg | 7 days per week |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | Negative - Dermal | Rat | 2000 mg/kg | 7 days per week |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
dryness
cracking
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

Q8 Bach NKM

SECTION 11: Toxicological information**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.**Potential chronic health effects**

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|--|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral | Rat - Male, Female | >=2000 mg/kg | 13 weeks; 5 days per week |
| | Sub-acute LOAEL Oral | Rat - Male | 125 mg/kg | 13 weeks; 5 hours per day |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | Sub-acute NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat - Male | >980 mg/m ³ | 4 weeks; 5 days per week |
| | Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral | Rat - Male, Female | >=2000 mg/kg | 13 weeks; 5 days per week |
| | Sub-acute LOAEL Oral | Rat - Male | 125 mg/kg | 13 weeks; 5 hours per day |
| | Sub-acute NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat - Male | >980 mg/m ³ | 4 weeks; 5 days per week |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.**General** : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.**Developmental effects** : May cause harm to breastfed babies.**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.**Other information** : Not available.**SECTION 12: Ecological information****12.1 Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------|---------|----------|
| alkanes, C14-17, chloro | EC50 0.006 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.**12.2 Persistence and degradability****Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | - | - | Inherent |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | - | - | Inherent |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Q8 Bach NKM

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|---|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | >3 | - | high |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | >3 | - | high |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste product residues should not be disposed of via the sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Hazardous waste : Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

| Waste code | Waste designation |
|------------|---|
| 12 01 06* | mineral-based machining oils containing halogens (except emulsions and solutions) |

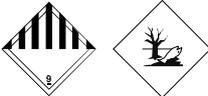
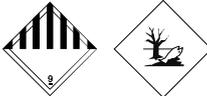
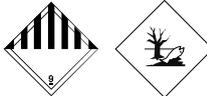
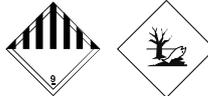
Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Q8 Bach NKM

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| 14.1 UN number | UN3082 | UN3082 | UN3082 | UN3082 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Alkanes, C14-17, chloro) | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Alkanes, C14-17, chloro) | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Alkanes, C14-17, chloro). Marine pollutant (Alkanes, C14-17, chloro) | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Alkanes, C14-17, chloro) |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 9  | 9  | 9  | 9  |
| 14.4 Packing group | III | III | III | III |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. |
| Additional information | Tunnel code (E) | - | - | - |

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

None of the components are listed.

Other EU regulations

National Inventory List : **Australia inventory (AICS):** Not determined.
China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
Japan inventory: Not determined.
Korea inventory: Not determined.
Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.
Europe inventory: Not determined.
Canada inventory: Not determined.

Priority List Chemicals (793/93/EEC) : Listed

Seveso II Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso II Directive.

Danger criteria

Q8 Bach NKM

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Category

E1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute 1 and Chronic 1
C9i: Very toxic for the environment

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Lact., H362
Aquatic Acute 1, H400
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
|---|--|
| Lact., H362 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements : H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] : Aquatic Acute 1, H400 AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Lact., H362 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on or via lactation

Full text of abbreviated R phrases : R64- May cause harm to breastfed babies.
R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD] : Xn - Harmful
N - Dangerous for the environment

Date of printing : 12/11/2012.

Date of issue/ Date of revision : 12/11/2012.

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Version : 1

Prepared by : Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.